Horses, asses, and mules.
Charcoal.
Iron and steel scrap; cast iron, steel in blocks and bars (*tochos*) and unworked iron in bars (*tochos*).
Zinc in bars, lumps, cake and scrap.

[*Note.*—Most of the above articles were formerly prohibited to be exported except under license.]

PORTUGAL.

LIST OF ARTICLES THE EXPORTATION OF WHICH FROM PORTUGAL AND THE ADJACENT ISLANDS IS PROHIBITED.

January 11, 1916.

NOTES.

(1) Certain prohibited goods (specified in Schedule I, p. 4), are subject to special export surtaxes when allowed to be exported under license.

Export surtaxes are also leviable in respect of certain other goods (specified in Schedule II, p. 4), although such goods are *not* prohibited to be exported. A reference to these goods is included in the following list, the articles being printed in italic type.

(2) The prohibitions noted below apply not only to the exportation of the articles specified to foreign countries, but also to the re-exportation, transit, and transhipment of such articles when the consignments on arrival in Portugal or the adjacent islands are described in the manifests and bills of lading as "to order," or when no clear indication of the name of the consignee and of the place of destination of the goods is inscribed on these documents at the port of departure.

Alchol (spirits of wine); industrial alchol (see Schedule I, p. 375.)
Alum.
Aluminium, alloys of aluminium, and wholly or partly manufactured wares thereof.
Ammonia sulphate.
Animals, living:—
Goats (animals of the caprine species) (see Schedule II, p. 375).
Woolled animals, and cattle (bovine animals) (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Other live stock.
NOTE.—The exportation of live stock for grazing purposes is permitted under certain regulations and on deposit of a guarantee which is forfeited if the animals are not returned within a specified period. In the case of woolled animals, penalties are also imposed if it is proved that the animals have been sheared while abroad. Wild bulls for fighting may be exported without payment of the surtax prescribed in Schedule I.
Antimony, antimony alloys, and wholly or partly manufactured wares thereof.
Automobiles, tyres or covers in any condition.
Bauxite.
Beans (*favas*), kidney beans, etc., (*feijão, grão*), (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Beetroot and beetroot seed.
This prohibition was imposed by a law of the 9th September 1915, to last for a period of two years.
Brass wares. (See under Copper.)
Cakes and cattle foods made from oilseeds (see Schedul I, p. 375).
Calcium carbide.
Carbons for electric light.
Cattle (see under Animals)
NOTE.—A certain fixed number of cattle (70) is allowed to go to Gibraltar per week.
Cement (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Cereals (included under Foodstuffs).
Chrome.

Cocoa (see Schedule II, p. 375).
Codfish (*bacalau*) (included under Foodstuffs.)
Copper ore (see Schedule I, p. 375); copper and brass wares, partly or wholly manufactured see (Schedule I, p. 375).
Cotton, raw, cotton waste; linters (*fios de linho ou algodão para tratamento de feridas*); cotton yarns of all kinds (except cotton yarns on tubes or reels or in hanks).
Eggs (see Schedule I, p. 375.

The Portuguese Government will (it is believed) readily grant exceptions from the prohibition of the export of eggs in the case of exports to the United Kingdom. His Majesty's Minister at Lisbon will support applications for such permits, if particulars in each case are furnished to him by the exporters. [12-10-15.]

Fats suitable for making margarine.
Ferrochrome; ferromanganese; ferromolybdenum; ferronickel; ferrotungsten; ferrovandium.
Foodstuffs, etc;—
Wine or venegar, other derivatives of wine (except alchol), fish preserved, pressed, dried, or salted, fish in brine; dry fish powder, all kinds of confectionery, unspecified alimentary preserves, fresh (green) or dried fruit (except pine-apples), garlic cocoa (see Schedule II, p. 375).
Potatoes, beans (*favas*), kidney-beans, etc., *feijão; grão*) vegetables, fresh or slightly salted sardines, fresh fish, olive oil, eggs, cheese, onions (see Schedule I, p. 375.)
Other alimentary wares (except pineapples, pot-herbs, and coffee, the exportation of which is not restricted):
NOTE.—Provisions for the crews and passengers of Portuguese ships shall be exempt from payment of the surtaxes fixed in Schedules I and II; and articles necessary for use on board a foreign ship up to the first port of call shall pay half the surtaxes fixed in the Schedules.
Fuel.
Gold, in bars or in coin.

The prohibition does not apply to gold exported for the State, or under special licenses granted by the Government. Further, travellers may take with them for their personal requirements money up to 40*l.* (sterling) per person, or the equivalent in any other gold coin.

Hides and skins, (see Schedule I, p. 375); also wholly or partly manufactured wares thereof. (See also Leather.)
Jute, raw, jute yarns, jute tissues; also wholly or partly manufactured wares thereof.
Leather (tanned hides and skins).
Linen and cotton threads for treating wounds (linters). (See under Cotton.)
Linseed and linseed oil.
Lubricating oils and substances (including mineral oils, resinous substances, animal oils, ordinarily used as lubricants and their mixtures, except oils and fats from fishes and whales).
Manganese.
Margarine; oils and fats suitable for making margarine (including linseed oil).
Meat (included under Foodstuffs, q. v.)
Medicaments.*
Mineral oils, gasoline, and petrols (*essências*).
Molybdenum.
Motor cars, tyres and covers in any condition.
Nickel, nickel alloys, and wholly or partly manufactured wares thereof.
Oilcakes and other feeding stuffs from oilseeds (see Schedule I, p. 375),
Oils and fats suitable for making margarine (including linseed oil); lubricating oils. (See under Lubricating oils); olive oil (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Ores (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Paraffin.
Petroleum (see mineral oils).
Pigs (see under animals.)
Poultry (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Pulse (included under Foodstuffs).
Resinous substances (see Lubricating oils and substances).
Rice (included under Foodstuffs).
Sheep (see under animals).
Sugar (included under Foodstuffs).

* The *exportation* of these articles does not seem to have been definitely prohibited, although the *re-exportation*, *transit*, and *transhipment* have.

Sulphate of ammonia.
Sulphur.
Tanning materials.
Trataric acid and tartrates, crude wine tartar, crude wine lees (see Schedule I, p. 375).
Tin and tin ore * (see Schedule I, p. 375); tin wares (see Schedule I, p. 375.)
Tungsten.
Tyres (pneumatic), covers for wheels, and other accessories of motor vehicles.
Vanadium.
Wine, etc., (see under Foodstuffs, etc.
Wine lees and wine tartar, crude (see Schedule I, p. 375.)
Wolfram ore. (see Schedule I, p. 375.)
Wood unmanufactured (see Schedule II, p. 375.)
Wool (raw), washed, or waste; wool (raw), unwashed (see Schedule I, p. 375.)

SCHEDULE I.

[The exportation of goods which fall under this Schedule is, in principle, prohibited; but the Ministry of Finace may, by way of exception, and if the internal needs of Portugal warrant it, permit the export of such goods (on payment of the special surtaxes set out below) in accordance with arrangements of an international character, or to preserve a market abroad, or by way of exchange. Decree No. 2149 of the 27th December 1915.]

No.	Articles	Rate of surtax (payable in addition to ordinary export duty)
1	* Woolled animals	50 centavos per head.
2	Cattle (bovine animals)	20 escudos per head
3	Poultry	60 per cent *ad valorem*.
4	Wool, raw, in the grease, low quality	100 escudos per metric ton.
5	" " fine "	150 " "
6	Hides or skins	3½ per cent *ad valorem*.
7	Tin or tin ore	1½ " "
8	Copper ore or cement	1 " "
9	Wolfram	30 escudos per metric ton.
10	Other ores, not specified	1½ per cent *ad valorem*.
11	Articles of copper, brass and tin	3½ " "
12	Potatoes	5 centavos per kilog.
13	Beans	3 " "
14	Kidney beans (feiao), small, "mulato" black, "canario, and "moleiro."	1½ " "
15	Kidney beans of other qualities	6 " "
16	Beans ("grao")	2 " "
17	Vegetables, not specified	1 centovo
18	Sardines, fresh, or with only such salt as is necessary for their preservation.	25 per cent *ad valorem*.
19	Fish, small, fresh	20 " "
20	Other fish, fresh	15 " "
21	Olive oil	2 centavos per kilog. (gross weight.)
22	Eggs	30 centavos per kilog.
23	Cheese	18 " "
24	Onions	1 centavo
25	Oilcakes and other feeding stuffs from oilseeds	3½ per cent *ad valorem*,
26	Crude wine lees	6 escudos per metric ton.
27	Crude wine tartar	14 " "
28	Tartaric acid and tartrates	24 " "
29	Industrial alchol	10 centavos per decalitre of liquid.

SCHEDULE II.

[The exportation of goods falling under this Schedule is permitted subject to payment of the prescribed export surtaxes. Decrees No. 2149 of the 27th December 1915.

30	Goats (animals of the caprine species)	30 centavos per head.
31	Wood unmanufactured	35 " per metric ton.
32	Wine or venegar	1 centavo per decalitre of liquid.
33	Other derivatives of wine (except alchol)	2 centavos per decalitre of liquid.
34	Fish preserved, pressed, dried or salted	1 centavo per kilog.
35	Fish in brine	½ " "
36	Dry fish powder	½ " "
37	Alimentary preserves, not specified	3½ per cent *ad valorem*.
38	Confectionary (doce) of any kind	3½ " "
39	Figs, carob-beans, or almonds	8½ " "
40	Other fruit, fresh (green) or dried (except pineapples)	3½ " "
41	Garlic	¼ centavo per kilog.
42	Cocoa (export or re-export through the Customs houses of Portugal and the adjacent islands)	3 per cent *ad valorem*.
43	Cocoa (export or re-export through the Customs houses of Portuguese colonies to foreign countries).	3 " "

* Including the (value of the) receptacles.

* Licenses may be granted by the Portuguese Government for the export of tin ore to the United Kingdom, France, Italy, Spain, Netherlands (Oversea Trust), and extra European destinations.

[23-6-15.]